



RESEARCH
CORPORATION
TECHNOLOGIES

Gary M. Munsinger, Ph.D.
President

1541 North Western Blvd., Suite 600
Boulder, Colorado 80502
(303) 440-6600
fax: (303) 440-3076

July 8, 1997

Harold Varmus, M.D.
Director
National Institutes of Health
Building One, Room 126
9000 Wisconsin Avenue
Bethesda, MD 20892

Dear Dr. Varmus:

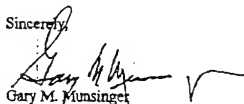
Research Corporation Technologies (RCT) traces its involvement in commercializing university technologies back to 1912. RCT also helped identify the need for and subsequent drafting of the Bayh-Dole Act, which allows universities to commercialize the results of federally-funded research. In 1994, I urged the U.S. Senate Subcommittee on Patents, Copyrights and Trademarks to let the Bayh-Dole Act stand and to reject proposed changes to the Act that would further complicate the technology transfer process.

The recent confrontation between Johns Hopkins University and CellPro being played out in the media is disturbing. CellPro's petition to invoke the "march-in" clause of the Bayh-Dole Act subverts its larger purpose. Protection from frivolous invocation of march-in rights is essential if universities are to maintain the intellectual property positions that are critical to inducing investment in product development.

As you know, technology development is an expensive, high-risk endeavor. CellPro's assertion that a government march-in will protect public health is actually an attempt to remedy a now-costly missed licensing opportunity. Invocation of the clause will have a chilling effect on the entire technology transfer community's future ability to commercialize federally-funded university technologies.

I urge you to preserve the spirit of the Bayh-Dole Act and reject CellPro's unwarranted and inappropriate request.

Sincerely,



Gary M. Munsinger

Internet: RCTGMM@aol.com

157993